Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. Draft Upland Site Summary

HARDCHROME ELECTRO PLATING, INC. (DAR SITE ID #124)

Address:	8 Meserole Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11222
Γax Lot Parcel(s):	Brooklyn Block 2614, Lot 8
Latitude:	40.725453
Longitude:	-73.957012
Regulatory Programs/	
Numbers/Codes:	USEPA No. NYD002020758, AFS No. 3604703034
Analytical Data Status:	Electronic Data Available Hardcopies only
	No Data Available

1 SUMMARY OF CONSTITUENTS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN (COPCs) TRANSPORT PATHWAYS TO THE CREEK

The current understanding of the transport mechanisms of COPCs from the upland portions of the Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. site (site) to Newtown Creek is summarized in this section and Table 1 and supported in following sections.

Overland Transport:

The site is 0.66 mile from Newtown Creek and associated waterways. This is not a complete current or historical pathway.

Bank Erosion:

The site is not adjacent to Newtown Creek and associated waterways. This is not a complete current or historical pathway.

Groundwater:

The site is 0.66 mile from Newtown Creek and associated waterways and 300 feet from the East River. Information regarding on-site groundwater quality was not identified in documents available for review. According to a U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) water table map for Brooklyn, New York, groundwater beneath is expected to flow west toward the East River (Misut and Monti 1999). This is not a complete current or historical pathway.

Overwater Activities:

This site is not adjacent to Newtown Creek or associated waterways. Information regarding overwater activities was not identified in documents available for review. This is not a complete current or historical pathway.

Stormwater/Wastewater Systems:

The site is within the Newtown Creek Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) sewershed. Stormwater and wastewater discharges from the site flow into a combined municipal sewer system. Information regarding on-site stormwater and wastewater infrastructure and management was not identified in documents available for review. In 1993, NYCDEP issued an industrial waste discharge (IWD) permit to the site. The permit was renewed in 1998 and 2002 (NYCDEP 1993a, 1998a, 2002a). Information regarding more additional permits was not identified in documents available for review. The direct discharge of stormwater and wastewater pathway is not a complete current or historical pathway. When the combined flows exceed the municipal system's capacity, untreated combined sewer overflows (CSOs) are discharged to the East River, which is outside of the Newtown Creek study area. The CSO outfall/wastewater pathway is not a complete current or historical pathway.

Air Releases:

The site was listed in the Air Facility System (AFS) database (AFS No. 3604703034) in 1999 for hexavalent chromium (CR6PT). The AFS database indicated that the site was compliant and operating in the chromium electroplating program in June 1999 (USEPA 2012). Additional information regarding air releases from the site was not identified in documents available for review. There is insufficient evidence to make a current or historical pathway determination.

2 PROJECT STATUS

Information regarding on-site environmental investigations was not identified in documents available for review. A New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Site Code was not found for this site.

3 SITE OWNERSHIP HISTORY

Respondent Member: Yes No

Owner	Years	Occupant	Types of Operations			
	1888	Vacant	Vacant			
	ca. 1905 – ca. 1916	Bulmer Lumber Company	Lumber storage yard			
Unknown	1916 – unknown	Warner & Stell Wagon Trucking	Unknown			
	1942 – unknown	Superior Bearing Bronze Company	Magnesium casting and cleaning			
Benne and Sylvia Katz	ca. 1945 – 1953	Hardchrome Electro				
Abraham Perlen, Benjamin Perlen, and Sylvia Stabiner	1953 – 1973	Processing Corporation/Hardchrome	Hard chrome plating, nickel plating, molds, and dyes			
Perlen Company	1973 – 1996	Electro Plating, Inc.				
Murray Shaby	ca. 1983 – ca. 2005	Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc.	Electroplating			
8 Meserole LLC	2005 – present	Unknown	Unknown			
8 ivieserole LLC	unknown – present	Cbsamerika	Employment agency			

Notes:

ca. - circa

Inc. - Incorporated

Discussion and sources provided in Section 6.

4 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

The site occupies approximately 0.14 acre¹ in Brooklyn, New York, and is located approximately 0.66 mile south of Newtown Creek and approximately 300 feet east of the East River. The site is between 5 and 10 feet above mean sea level and site topography gradually slopes to the west as shown on Figure 1. The entire site is covered by a building. The site and adjoining properties are zoned for manufacturing; a residential zone is located to the northwest of the site (NYCDCP 2011).

¹ Acreage is an approximation of the site tax parcel using GIS data.

5 CURRENT SITE USE

The site appears to be currently occupied by Cbsamerika, an employment agency (Google 2012).

6 SITE USE HISTORY

In 1888, the site was vacant (Sanborn 1887). By 1905, the Bulmer Lumber Company occupied the site operating a lumber storage yard (Sanborn 1905). In 1916, the site was occupied by Warner & Stell Wagon Trucking (Sanborn 1916). In 1942, the Superior Bearing Bronze Company, a magnesium casting and cleaning operation, leased the site, including a one-story building (Sanborn 1942; The New York Times 1943). Beginning in 1945, Hardchrome Electro Processing Corp. operated at the site until it dissolved as a registered corporation in 1984 (NYSOS 2012).

In 1983, Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. registered in New York State as a domestic business corporation and occupied the site until it dissolved as a registered New York State corporation in June 2004 (NYSOS 2012). Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. operations involved electroplating and metal finishing.

7 CURRENT AND HISTORICAL AREAS OF CONCERN AND COPCS

The current understanding of the historical and current potential upland and overwater areas of concern at the site are summarized in Table 1. The following sections provide a brief discussion of the potential sources and COPCs at the site requiring additional discussion.

Potential areas of concern at the site include areas in which magnesium casting and cleaning and electroplating processes and operations and lumber storage occurred. COPCs associated with these areas of concern include volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), metals, and chlorinated VOCs.

7.1 Uplands

Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. operations involved hard chrome and nickel electroplating and plating with other materials, including stainless steel, aluminum, magnesium, titanium, copper, lead, and precious metal (MacRae's Blue Book 2012). Its operations also included

reducing chrome and neutralizing final wastewater from site operations before discharging to the sewer. In this system, wastewater was first conveyed through a chrome reduction sump tank, secondly through a reaction sump tank, and finally through a neutralization sump tank before discharging to the sewer (Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. 1987). Industrial wastewater discharges from the site are discussed in Section 9.3.

In 1995, an establishment inspection report form indicated the site had four nickel plating tanks, six chromium plating tanks, caustic cleaners, and acidic baths (NYCDEP 1995). The nickel plating tanks had "drop-outs" used for water rinses and overflows were discharged to a trench under the floor. The chromium plating tanks had two rinses that consisted of drums containing sodium metabisulfite; these were not discharged. Wastewater from the trench flowed into a pit that then flowed to another pit where the wastewater was pumped to a treatment holding tank. Wastewater was treated by adding sodium metabisulfite. Sodium hydroxide was use to adjust the pH, and wastewater was then discharged to a third pit that discharged to the housetrap in the basement (NYCDEP 1995).

Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. was classified a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) hazardous waste small quantity generator (SQG) in 2007. Records indicate the site was intermittently classified as an RCRA hazardous waste non-generator, an SQG, and a large quantity generator (LQG) between 1980 and 2007 (EDR 2010). Hazardous waste manifests indicate that the site historically handled barium (D005), non-listed corrosive wastes (D002), spent cyanide plating bath solutions from electroplating operations (F007), plating bath residues from the bottom of plating baths from electroplating operations in which cyanides are used in the process (F008), and spent stripping and cleaning bath solutions from electroplating operations in which cyanides are used in the process (F009; EDR 2010; RCRIS 2012).

7.2 Overwater Activities

This site is not adjacent to Newtown Creek or associated waterways. Information regarding overwater activities was not identified in documents available for review.

7.3 Spills

Information regarding on-site spills was not identified in documents available for review.

8 PHYSICAL SITE SETTING

Site-specific hydrogeologic information was not identified in documents available for review. The geologic setting for Newtown Creek consists of impermeable Precambrian and Paleozoic crystalline bedrock, overlain by the Upper Cretaceous Raritan formation, Magothy formation and Matawan Group (undifferentiated), unconsolidated Pleistocene deposits and upper Pleistocene glacial deposits and Holocene shore, beach salt-marsh deposits, and alluvium, along with local occurrences of artificial fill (Buxton et al. 1981; Soren and Simmons 1987). The primary areas of groundwater discharge are Newtown Creek and its tributaries and the East River (Misut and Monti 1999). In the vicinity of Newtown Creek, groundwater flow in the Upper Glacial aquifer is generally north and south towards the creek. With increased distance from the creek, groundwater will flow towards the nearest surface waterbody to discharge (Misut and Monti 1999). Incidences of perched groundwater may occur above the Upper Glacial Aquifer in some areas, particularly in formerly low-lying areas that have been filled. Groundwater flow at a specific property may differ from the regional pattern due to pumping for groundwater treatment or dewatering activities (Misut and Monti 1999), the presence of buried utilities, or other preferential pathways.

9 NATURE AND EXTENT (CURRENT UNDERSTANDING OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS)

CONDITIONS)	
9.1 Soil	
Soil Investigations	Yes No
Bank Samples	Yes No Not Applicable
Soil-Vapor Investigations	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Information regarding on-site soil investigations was no	t identified in documents available
for review.	
9.2 Groundwater	
Groundwater Investigations	Yes No
NAPL Presence (Historical and Current)	Yes No
Dissolved COPC Plumes	Yes No
Visual Seep Sample Data	Yes No Not Applicable

Information regarding on-site groundwater investigations was not identified in documents available for review.

9.3	Surfa	ce Wate	r
3. 3	Suria	ce vvate	ľ

Surface Water Investigation	Yes No
SPDES Permit (Current or Past)	Yes No
Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit (Current or Past)	Xes No
Stormwater Data	Yes No
Catch Basin Solids Data	Yes No
Wastewater Data	Yes No

9.3.1 Stormwater and Wastewater Systems

Information regarding on-site stormwater and wastewater infrastructure and management was not identified in files available for review. The site is within the Newtown Creek WPCP sewershed. Stormwater and wastewater discharges from the site flow into a combined municipal sewer system. When the combined flows exceed the system's capacity, untreated CSOs are discharged to the East River, which is outside of the Newtown Creek study area (NYCDEP 2007). It is not known if other direct or private discharge points exist from the site.

9.3.2 Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit

In 1993, NYCDEP issued an IWD permit to the site. The permit was renewed in 1998 and 2002, as shown in the following table. Information regarding current permits was not identified in files available for review.

Permit Number	Effective Date	Expiration Date
93-P158-1 (NYCDEP 1993a)	09/13/93	09/12/98
98-P158-1 (NYCDEP 1998a)	09/11/98	09/10/03
02-P158-1 ¹ (NYCDEP 2002a)	04/16/02	04/15/07

Notes:

1 - The available file for this IWD permit only includes the front page of the permit (i.e., the description of the permitted discharge points, discharge limitations, and monitoring requirements associated to this permit were not found in available files).

NYCDEP = New York City Department of Environmental Protection

IWD Permit Nos. 93-P158-1 and 98-P158-1 described two permitted discharge points at the site (NYCDEP 1993a, 1998a). Discharge limitations and monitoring requirements for the permitted discharge points were outlined in the both permits. IWD Permit Nos. 93-P158-1 and 98-P158-1 outlined compliance schedules requiring submittal of periodic monitoring reports to demonstrate permit compliance. Monitoring reports located for the site indicate intermittent compliance between 1989 and 1998 (NYCDEP 1989, 1990a, 1990b, 1992a, 1992b, 1993b, 1998b). Details of these monitoring report exceedences and other exceedences found in available files are described further in Section 9.3.3 below.

9.3.3 Sampling Data

Documented exceedances of permitted discharge limits are summarized in the following table:

Report Date	Constituent	Result	Unit	Limit	Source			
07/20/72	Chromium	20.6	ppm	5 ppm	NYCDEP 1972			
07/28/72	Cyanide	5.9	ppm	0.2 ppm	NTCDEP 1972			
10/19/89	Chromium	30.0	ppm	5 ppm	NYCECB 1989			
01/06/92	Chromium	36.5	ppm	5 ppm	NYCDEP 1992c			
06/16/92	Lead	1.9	ppm		NYCDEP 1992b			
10/06/92	Lead	1.0	ppm	0.6 ppm	NYCDEP 1992d			
					NYCECB 1993a,			
01/06/93	Lead	1.8	ppm	0.6 ppm	1993b; NYCDEP			
					1993c			
02/18/97	Lead	0.82	ppm	0.6 ppm	NYCDEP 1997			
04/24/98	Lead	17.0	ppm	0.6 ppm	NYCDEP 1998b			
11/17/98	Lead	1.1 ppm		0.6 ppm	NYCDEP 1999			
					NYCECB 1998,			
11/18/98	Lead	1.2	ppm	0.6 ppm	1999; NYCDEP			
					1999			
12/11/98	Lead				NYCDEP 1998c			
01/12/01	рН	4.2	SU	5 < pH < 11	NYCDEP 2001			
09/23/02	Lead	0.44	ppm	0.4 ppm ¹	NYCDEP 2002b			

Notes:

1 – Maximum allowable average of daily values for four consecutive monitoring days (NYCDEP 1998a)

--- - Value not specified; however, exceedance indicated

NYCDEP - New York City Department of Environmental Protection

NYCECB - New York City Environmental Control Board

ppm - parts per million

SU - Standard Units

9.3.4 Surface Water Summary

Information regarding on-site stormwater and wastewater infrastructure and management was not identified in files available for review. Stormwater and wastewater discharges from the site flow into a combined municipal sewer system that may overflow into the East River (NYCDEP 2007). In 1993, NYCDEP issued an IWD permit to the site. The permit was renewed in 1998 and 2002 (NYCDEP 1993a, 1998a, and 2002a). Information regarding current permits was not identified in files available for review.

9.4	Sediment			
Creek	Sediment Data		Yes No No	Not Applicable
Inform	nation regarding sediment investigation	ons was not identifi	ed in files availa	ble for review.
9.5	Air			
Air Pe	rmit			Yes No
Air Da	ta			Yes No

9.5.1 Air Permit

No air permits were identified for the site in files available for review; however, the site was listed in the AFS database (AFS No. 3604703034) in 1999 for CR6PT. The AFS database indicated that the site was compliant and operating in the chromium electroplating program in June 1999 (USEPA 2012). Additional information regarding air releases from the site was not identified in files available for review.

10 REMEDIATION HISTORY (INTERIM REMEDIAL MEASURES AND OTHER CLEANUPS)

Information regarding on-site remedial activities was not identified in files available for review.

11 BIBLIOGRAPHY/INFORMATION SOURCES

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- NYCDEP, 1990b. Industrial Wastes Control Section Self Monitoring Report Review Form. Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. April 13, 1990.
- NYCDEP, 1992a. Industrial User Self Monitoring Report. Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. October 1, 1992.
- NYCDEP, 1992b. Industrial Wastes Control Section Self Monitoring Report Review Form. Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. June 16, 1992.
- NYCDEP, 1992c. Commissioner's Order No. 3509. Issued to: Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. March 3, 1992.
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- NYCDEP, 1993b. Industrial User Self Monitoring Report. Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. April 1, 1993.
- NYCDEP, 1993c. Commissioner's Order No. 5081. Issued to: Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. February 17, 1993.
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- NYCDEP, 1998b. Monitoring Report. July 7, 1998. [NEWT-0032377]
- NYCDEP, 1998c. Referral of Composite Verification Sampling. Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. December 11, 1998.
- NYCDEP, 1999. Commissioner's Order No. 12376. Issued to: Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc. February 3, 1999.

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- NYCECB (New York City Environmental Control Board), 1989. Notice of Violation. Issued to: Hardchrome Electro Plating. October 19, 1989.
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- Soren and Simmons (Soren, J. and Simmons, D.L.), 1987. *Thickness and Hydrogeology of Aquifers and Confining Units Below the Upper Glacial Aquifer on Long Island, New York*. U.S. Geological Survey. Water-Resources Investigations Report 86-4175. Scale 1:125,000.
- USEPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency), 2012. USEPA Envirofacts Database. Accessed January 18, 2012.

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12 ATTACHMENTS

Figures

Figure 1 Site Vicinity Map: Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc.

Tables

Table 1 Potential Areas of Concern and Transport Pathways Assessment

Table 1
Potential Areas of Concern and Transport Pathways Assessment – Hardchrome Electro Plating, Inc.

Potential Areas of Concern	r	Media	a Imp	acte	d		COPCs Potential Compl										Comple	ete Pathway								
Description of Areas of Concern	Surface Soil	Subsurface Soil	Groundwater	Catch Basin Solids	Creek Sediment	Gasoline-Range	Diesel – Range 표	Heavier – Range	m Related EX)	NOCs soon	Chlorinated VOCs	syocs	PAHs	Phthalates	Phenolics	Metals	PCBs	Herbicides and Pesticides	Dioxins/Furans	Overland Transport	Groundwater	Direct Discharge – Overwater	Direct Discharge – Storm/Wastewater	Discharge to Sewer/CSO	Bank Erosion	Air Releases
Processing areas/ equipment used in electroplating processes and operations	?	?	?	?	?		٠.	?	?	>	?	>	?	?	· ·	<	?	?	?	1	1					?
Processing areas/equipment used in magnesium casting and cleaning processes and operations	?	?	?	?	?	?	Ç.	?	?	>	?	٧	?	?	?	>	?	?	?		1		ł			?

Notes:

√ – COPCs are/were present in areas of concern having a current or historical pathway that is determined to be complete or potentially complete.

? – There is not enough information to determine if COPC is/was present in area of concern or if pathway is complete.

-- - Current or historical pathway has been investigated and shown to be not present or incomplete.

BTEX – benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

COPC – constituent of potential concern

CSO – combined sewer overflow

PAH – polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

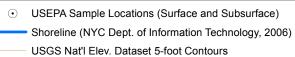
PCB – polychlorinated biphenyl

SVOC – semi-volatile organic compound

TPH – total petroleum hydrocarbon

VOC – volatile organic compound





Selected Site Property Boundary Neighboring Site Property Boundary

Outfall Class

- Direct Discharge
- General
- Highway Drain
- Major Stormwater Outfall
- SPDES
- Storm Drain

NOTES:

1. Outfall Labeling: BB: Bowery Bay; NC(B/Q): Newtown Creek, Brooklyn/Queens; ST: Stormwater.

2. Outfall locations are preliminary, compiled, estimated data based on New York City Department of Environmental Protection (NYCDEP) maps and tabulated data and other resources. Many outfall locations were taken from the New York City Shoreline Survey Program: Newtown Creek Water Pollution Control Plant Drainage Area, NYCDEP, March 31, 2003. Other locations were taken from an excerpt from a similar report from 2008 (the complete report was not included in files available for review). Finally, some outfall locations were inherited from previous Anchor QEA and Newtown Creek Project work. Latitudinal and longitudinal data provided in the 2003 and 2008 NYCDEP reports were rounded to the nearest second. This resulted in potential outfall location discrepancies of up to approximately 200 feet. All outfall locations are currently under field verification.

under field verification.

3. Aerial Photos: New York State Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Services, 2010.

4. Site Boundaries are based on New York City parcels data.

5. Coarse topographic contours are derived from U.S. Geological Survey 10-meter data.

